A first introduction to geometric complexity theory

Summer 2018

## Assignment 2 due on Wednesday, April 25, 2018

Name:

Exercise 1 (10 points).

Use the discriminant polynomial to show that the Waring rank of  $X^2 + XY + Y^2$  is at least 2.

## Exercise 2 (10 points).

We have seen polynomials whose Waring rank exceeds their border Waring rank. In contrast to this observation, prove that there is no polynomial h that satisfies  $WR(h) > 1 = \underline{WR}(h)$ .

## Exercise 3 (20 points).

Consider the 3-dimensional vector space  $\mathbb{A} = \mathbb{C}[X,Y]_2$  with basis  $\{x^2, xy, y^2\}$ , so every polynomial in  $\mathbb{A}$  has a unique expression as  $ax^2 + bxy + cy^2$ . Consider homogeneous degree 2 polynomials in a, b, c to obtain the 6-dimensional vector space  $\mathbb{C}[\mathbb{A}]_2$ . For example, the discriminant  $b^2 - 4ac$  is an element of  $\mathbb{C}[\mathbb{A}]_2$ . Prove that the discriminant is the only polynomial (up to scale) in  $\mathbb{C}[\mathbb{A}]_2$  that vanishes on polynomials of Waring rank 1.